## Step 2: Roman Numerals

## National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 5: (5N3b) Read Roman numerals to 1,000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals

## Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Problem Solving)
Developing Complete addition and subtraction calculations using numbers and Roman numerals up to 100.
Expected Complete addition and subtraction calculations using numbers and Roman numerals up to 1,000 .
Greater Depth Complete addition and subtraction calculations using only Roman numerals up to 1,000 .

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Reasoning)
Developing Use knowledge of Roman numerals to 100 to work out the value of Roman numerals beyond 100 (multiples of 10).
Expected Use knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 to work out the value of Roman numerals beyond 1,000 (multiples of 10).
Greater Depth Use knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 to work out the value of Roman numerals beyond 1,000.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Problem Solving)
Developing Arrange 3 cards to create different Roman numerals to 100 . Find all the possibilities.
Expected Arrange 4 cards to create different Roman numerals to 1,000 . Find all the possibilities.
Greater Depth Arrange 5 cards to create different Roman numerals to 1,000 . Find all the possibilities.

More Year 5 Place Value resources.

## Did you like this resource? Don't forget to review it on our website.

1a．Complete the calculations．Write the answers in Roman numerals．

$$
\mathrm{LX}+20=\square
$$

$\square$
$\mathrm{XCI}+8=$ $\square$

2a．Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 100 ，work out the value of the Roman numeral below．


Explain your reasoning．

3a．Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals．Each card may only be used once．


Find all the possibilities．


1b．Complete the calculations．Write the answers in Roman numerals．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { XLIX }-30=\square \\
& 85+\text { XIII }=\square \\
& 74-\text { XXIV }=\square
\end{aligned}
$$

2b．Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 100 ，work out the value of the Roman numeral below．


Explain your reasoning．

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3b．Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals．Each card may only be used once．


Find all the possibilities．

4a. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
200+\mathrm{CCI} & =\square \\
\mathrm{DC}-45 & =\square \\
\mathrm{CCCL}+150 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

4b. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
485-\text { CCXV } & =\square \\
241+\text { DCXXXIV } & =\square \\
\text { CMXI }-303 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

5b. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.
MLX

Explain your reasoning.

6b. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


Find all the possibilities.

Find all the possibilities.
6a. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


5a. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.

## MMM

Explain your reasoning.

7a. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

| CCCXII + CVI | $=\square$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| DCCXXI - CCXV | $=\square$ |
| $C D X C I ~+C C C L X ~$ | $=\square$ |

8a. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

7b. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
M-\text { DXLVIII } & =\square \\
\text { DCXXIX }+ \text { CXIII } & =\square \\
\text { CMVI-CDXIV } & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

8b. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

9b. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


Reasoning and Problem Solving Roman Numerals

## Reasoning and Problem Solving

 Roman Numerals
## Developing

1b. XIX, XCVIII, L
2b. $C=100 ; L=50 ; C L=150$
3b. 2 possibilities: XIV (14); XVI (16)

## Expected

4b. CCLXX, DCCCLXXV, DCVIII
5b. $M=1,000 ; L=50 ; X=10 ; M L X=1,060$
6b. 4 possibilities: CXIV (114); CXVI (116);
XCIV (94); XCVI (96)

## Greater Depth

7b. CDLII, DCCXLII, CDXCII
8b. $M=1,000 ; D=500 ; C=100 ; I I=2$; MMDCII $=2,602$
9b. 4 possibilities: CCXIV (214);
CCXVI (216); CXCIV (194); CXCVI (196)

